

PARSON RAISES IRE

Preacher Broughton Scores the Georgia Tech.

PRESIDENT HALL REPLIES

Professor Turner Also Makes a Tart Rejoinder—Allegations Were Made During Sunday Sermon and Elicits Much Criticism.

There has been considerable criticism expressed over the sermon which Dr. Len G. Broughton delivered at the Baptist Tabernacle in Atlanta last Sunday night, in which he severely castigated the moral character of the professors and students of the Georgia School of Technology, the leading technical institution in the south.

In the prelude to his sermon, Dr. Broughton denounced the moral plane of the institution in no unmistakable terms, saying that "as matters now stand a boy might almost as well go to hell for grace as to the Tech for character."

He then denounced the recent banquet held by the graduating class, in which he said that "the students and the members of the faculty swigged wine and champagne together." He said the people of the state were indignant at this state of affairs.

This attack upon the Tech has aroused much adverse criticism.

President Hall Talks.

In an interview which he gave out Monday morning, President Lyman Hall, of the Tech, said:

"I feel it my duty to reply to the sermon of Dr. Broughton as follows:

"No member of the faculty has, in my knowledge, ever attended a banquet with students. The alumni banquets are annual affairs which have been given for the last ten years at the close of the session in June. The occasions have not been abused nor have they ever been the cause of unfavorable remark. The members of the faculty and board of trustees, the governor and visiting dignitaries have always been invited."

"The statement is made that certain people are tired of paying their taxes to educate drunkards, etc. In reply to this (if it needs reply) I can only point to our list of graduates and say it is the boast of the institution that not one of them has ever been known to be dissipated or unreliable in business."

"The following charge is made: 'There is too much drinking out there.' Also, 'the faculty sets the pace.' Surely every friend of the school, familiar with its personnel and work, must know this is a slander against the institution; and to those who are not familiar with the institution, it becomes my duty to say in reply to such statements that I have never known of any member of the faculty being under the influence of liquor."

"As to the student body, there is no college dormitory in the United States which is more closely looked after as regards the habits and hours of students. In the fifteen years of the school's existence there has never been a case made in police court or of the city against a student of the institution for drunkenness or disorderly conduct. Surely this is a record which cannot be surpassed. In the fifteen years of our existence there has been only one or two cases of students having been found under the influence of whiskey, and the penalty has been expulsion."

Professor Turner Talks.

Professor Frank C. Turner, of the Tech, and treasurer of the alumni association, gave out the following rather tart interview in regard to the statements of Dr. Broughton:

"As an alumnus of the school and a member of the alumni association I express the sentiment of the association in saying that this villainous attack is beneath our notice."

"Such charges against our school are false, and the alumni are indignant that they are brought, though we feel sure that the people of the country will consider the source and take these statements at what they are worth."

"It will probably be recalled that this reverend gentleman a few years since made an attack upon the young lady stenographers of this city, which attack is summed in his statement that 'it was as well to give a young lady a straight passport to hell as a diploma from one of our stenographic colleges.' These words were thrown back into his teeth. Not satisfied with trying to smirch the virtue of some of the fairest young women of the state, he now seems to be anxious to injure the reputation and character of its young men, and cast a reflection upon an institution whose work and reputation are conceded to be above reproach."

MUST PUNISH ASSASSIN.

Czar Recognizes King Peter, But Says He Must Avenge Murders.

An official note was published in The Gazette at St. Petersburg, Russia, recognizing Prince Peter Karageorgovich as king of Serbia, and welcoming his accession. The note declares that it is incumbent upon King Peter to avenge the assassinations of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

WILD CARS RUN AMUCK.

Demolish Buildings, Kill Four People and Injure Eight Others.

On the Spokane Falls and Northern railroad, a short distance from the center of Spokane, Wash., a runaway train of sixty cars, loaded with coal without an engine, rushed four miles down grade, through the town Monday, demolishing a dwelling house, wrecking the Crystal laundry, killing at least four people, injuring eight others and piling up a tangled mass of debris 50 feet high.

Cream of News.

Brief Summary of Most Important Events of Each Day.

—The Gainesville, Ga., cotton mill is to be rebuilt at once, the contract having been let to a Worcester firm.

—A. L. Tanksley, of Nashville, Tenn., was drowned near Savannah Sunday. Miss Dupont, of Savannah, who tried to save him, came near drowning.

—S. B. Wilder, of Phenix City, Ala., died Sunday from hydrophobia, caused by the bite of a mad dog.

—No street cars were run in Richmond, Va., Sunday. During the afternoon the strikers held a big meeting.

—Attorneys for J. H. Tillman, charged with the murder of N. G. Gonzales at Columbia, S. C., on Monday moved for a change of venue.

—The cotton mill strike at Lowell, Mass., has been declared off. The strikers lost out.

—Major James B. Pond, well known manager of lecturers and singers at Boston, is dead.

—Among the graduates at Yale were seven young men from Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina and Florida.

—Mine operators now claim that the union men interfered with the non-union men, which is in violation of the award of the commission.

—White Eagle, chief of the Poncas Indians, resigns in favor of his son. In honor of the event, seven hundred ponies were given away as presents.

—In several cities of France Sunday there were conflicts between the clerical and anti-clerical.

—Italian parliament is to assemble by decree of the king. The new cabinet has not been completed.

—King Peter received Serbian deputations at Geneva Sunday and expressed himself as pleased with the program arranged at Belgrade for his reception.

—By a collision of passenger and freight trains on the Illinois Central in Iowa, Friday, ten men were killed.

—The cabinet has decided to disregard the action of the Virginia state in the regard to the cruisers Galveston and Chattanooga.

—A mistrial was declared in the case of Jett and White, accused of the murder of Attorney Marcum at Jackson, Ky. Eleven jurors favored the conviction of Jett.

—Former president Cleveland states he has been misrepresented in interview procured by a representative of The Galveston News. Mr. Cleveland says he did not talk publication.

—Miss Dora Campbell, the Maysville, Ga., postmistress, charged with a shortage, was arrested in Baltimore Friday.

—The meeting of the Georgia Federation of Labor at Macon closed Friday with the re-election of President Kilburn.

—Lieutenant Colonel Grayson, of the military advisory board, denies that there was any secrecy in drawing the new military bill.

—At Clarksville, Ark., Friday, two men were hanged for the murder of Sheriff Powers.

—Mrs. James Lovely, of Lafayette, Tenn., a bride of three weeks, is charged with poisoning her husband.

—Before the Alabama Bar Association, Friday, Edward M. Shepard, of New York, declared the south able to settle the negro question.

—Leading Columbians are publishing strong articles in favor of the ratification of the canal treaty.

—Lord Grey, of the South African Company, regrets that Booker Washington has refused to go to Rhodesia. Lord Grey says Washington has found the key to the race problem.

—Lord Lansdowne, foreign minister, has announced that Great Britain will not recognize the new government of Serbia because of the butchery of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

—S. B. Brown, of Albany, elected president of the Georgia Bankers' Association at its twelfth annual session in Atlanta Thursday.

—Announcement made by Governor Terrell at closing exercises of the Georgia Technological school of the gift of \$5,000 to the Tech by William R. Hearst, of New York; commencement address delivered by Congressman James M. Griggs, and diplomas awarded.

—In a charge to the federal grand jury at Macon, Ga., Thursday, Judge Emory Speer urged the investigation of charges of involuntary servitude.

—The cotton mill merger meeting at Charlotte, N. C., was very lightly attended.

—Two county officers were wounded in a fight on an excursion train in east Tennessee Thursday.

—Street cars were rocked at Richmond, Va., Thursday by strikers. The disorder followed the arrival of strike breakers.

—The postoffice department has decided to resume the establishment of rural free delivery routes.

—Booker Washington has been charged by Charles Hedges, superintendent of the Washington city delivery service of the postal department, must answer charges of wrong-doing which have been preferred.

—The United States and the Virginia courts have clashed over the removal of the cruiser Galveston from the Trigg ship yard in Richmond.

—It is alleged that a day was named for the massacre of Jews at Novgorod but butchery was prevented by prompt action of the police.

—An explosion of lyddite in an ordnance factory in England killed four men and injured thirteen others.

—Judge Kimsey, in Hall county, Ga., refuses to grant bail to Mrs. Onie Tanner, charged with poisoning her husband.

UNEARTH RASCALS

Is Emphatic Order Issued by President Roosevelt.

GRAFT WORKERS DOOMED

Chief Executive of Nation Takes Up the Cudgel and Says Postoffice Scandal Must Be Cleared Up at Once.

A Washington special says: An emphatic order has gone forth from the white house to Postmaster General Payne, from President Roosevelt, which in effect says: "Get at the facts; I'll be responsible for the consequences. The postoffice department has got to be cleaned up and cleaned at once."

In consequence, the head of the postoffice department now seems to realize that the president will tolerate no half-hearted investigation. So intense has become the situation as regards the postoffice scandals that no official of the administration, however high up he may be, feels competent to predict where the investigation will end, or what more startling sensations it will bring forth. At the department the excitement among the employees is on the increase and pervades every branch. This is regarded as a bad sign and every postoffice inspector in the employment of the government is working over hours in Washington and in other parts of the country. Now that the investigation has begun the president declares that the accounts of every postoffice in the country shall be gone through before this investigation stops.

A large force of inspectors has been dispatched to New York, and they already have facts in hand which indicate that New York will prove almost as fertile a field for scandal as is the department at the capital.

Postmaster General Payne's position is one of increasing embarrassment. Indeed, his closest friends admit that the situation looks bad for him. When the Tulloch charges were first made Mr. Payne gave an interview to a dozen newspaper men at the postoffice department, in which he declared the Tulloch charges were so much "hot air" and had no more weight than a "stump speech." The forthcoming report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who is in charge of the investigation, is said to sustain practically every one of the Tulloch charges. The postmaster general informed the president of this fact Tuesday afternoon at a conference. The president, while regretting to place Mr. Payne in an awkward position, feels that the Bristow report should be made public, and he has so ordered.

Mr. Payne, therefore, will have to endorse a report confirming the charges which he only a short while ago declared to be "hot air."

Mr. Payne started out by making light of the charges that there was any scandal in the department. Although startling revelations had been made while the first assistant postmaster general, Mr. Wynne, was acting in Mr. Payne's absence in the West Indies last winter, Mr. Payne upon his return declared that the newspapers had kicked up too much of a racket and he proposed that the investigation should continue quietly. He persistently laughed at the charges that his department was in a rotten state of corruption. He argued with the newspaper men in a levitous vein that they were making a mountain out of a mole hill, and that there was no fire, despite the smoke Mr. Wynne had stirred up.

There is no getting around the fact that Mr. Payne has bungled the investigation from the beginning. When the president returned from the west he found things going in a very unsatisfactory way despite the emphatic orders he had telegraphed from various points in his tour that the investigation was to be pushed with vigor, and the fact that the entire postal service is undergoing a thorough inspection is the result of the personal concern the president has shown since his return.

LOOKS WARLIKE IN RICHMOND.

Governor Orders Troops to Hold Street Car Strikers in Check.

A special from Richmond, Va., says: Governor Montague Tuesday afternoon ordered the Seventh regiment, the Richmond Blues battalion, and the Richmond Howiters, an artillery company, on duty to aid in maintaining order as against the street car strikers and their sympathizers. Five of the Seventh regiment companies are located in Richmond. The other seven are from Danville, Farmville, Charlottesville, Staunton, Lynchburg, Alexandria and Roanoke. There was much rioting during the day.

GIANT POWDER IN PRISON WALL.

Startling Discovery Made in Colorado Pen at Canon City.

Enough giant powder and nitroglycerine were found in the penitentiary at Canon City, Col., Tuesday to blow up the prison. This discovery was made after the convicts had attempted to escape Monday were put through the sweating process. The explosives were concealed in the wall of one of the shops.

GEORGIA TEACHERS ASSEMBLE.

State Educational Association Begins Sessions on Cumberland Island.

The thirty-seventh annual convention of the Georgia Educational Association was called to order in the large auditorium of Cumberland Island Tuesday night, with the largest attendance in the history of the association. Among those attending were some of the foremost educators of the state. Delegates were present from a majority of the counties, while all of the colleges were well represented.

RESULT OF LAW'S DELAY.

Delaware Preacher Forecasted Frightful Work of Mob in Wilmington Monday Night.

The natural and interesting question at Wilmington, Delaware, Tuesday was the question whether the authorities will take action looking toward the arrest and punishment of those who were prominent in the exciting scenes which attended the burning at the stake Monday night of George White, the negro who assaulted and killed Miss Helen Bishop.

That many of them are known cannot be doubted, for they were seen by the thousands who witnessed the affair. It is also known that the arrangements for the lynching were talked of in advance and that men were invited to participate and given notice of when and where to assemble. It was this fact that gave publicity to the lynching, for the news that it was to occur was circulated around Wilmington during the day, with the result that the 5,000 people who went out Monday night did so with the knowledge that the affair would come off according to arrangement.

It is a fact that public sentiment generally approves the lynching that it would be hard to secure the conviction of a lyncher even if arrests are made, which seems doubtful.

During the day thousands of people went to the scene of the lynching, many of them intent on securing ghastly relics. In this, however, they met with little success, as the burning had been so effectual as almost to destroy every vestige of the victim's body.

Judge Grubb, of the county court, made a public statement in which he deplores the lynching of White and its consequent reflection upon the good name of Delaware.

Judge Grubb also explained the action of the court in refusing to call a special session of the grand jury for the indictment of Miss Bishop's murderer.

He says the trial would have been attended by such public clamor and prejudice that a fair trial would have been impossible and the court would have been compelled to grant the motion of the prisoner's counsel for a change of venue.

Once the prisoner was removed to the insecure jail of Kent or Sussex county, he might have escaped.

Preacher Forecasted Lynching.

Rev. Robert A. Ellwood, pastor of the Olivet Presbyterian church, preached a sensational sermon on the probable lynching of White last Sunday night. He took his text from Corinthians 5:13. "Therefore put away from ourselves that wicked person."

"I call your especial attention to that part of my text found in the constitution, which says: 'In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial.'"

"On the day of this terrible crime the officers arrested a man supposed to be guilty. He was taken before a magistrate and held without bail. To night he is in jail, with armed men patrolling about for his protection, waiting until the middle of September. Is that speedy; is that even constitutional?"

"Oh! honorable judges, call the court, establish a precedent and the girls of this state, the wives of the homes and the mothers of our freemen and our beloved sisters will not be sorry and neither will you."

"And honorable judges," he continued, "if you do not hear and heed these appeals and that prisoner should be taken out and lynched, then let me say to you, with the full realization of the responsibility of my words, even as Nathan said to King David of old, after his soldiers had killed Uriah, 'Thou art the man,' so I would say to you, The responsibility for the lynching will be yours for delaying the execution of the law."

"Should the murderer of Miss Bishop be lynched? Yes. But only under one condition, and that is this: If his trial shall be delayed until September and then, though he be proven guilty, through some technicality of the law or any undue influence upon either judges or jury he be not given capital punishment, then the citizens of this state should arise in their might and execute the criminal and thus uphold the majesty of the law."

Will Tunnel Lookout Mountain.

The announcement is made by one of the chief officials of the Southern Railway Company at Washington that the company will certainly tunnel Lookout mountain so as to give an outlet from Chattanooga for the Memphis division and the Alabama Great Southern.

New Postmasters Named.

The president has recently appointed the following postmasters: Waycross, Ga., Charles E. Murphy; Mount Airy, N. C., John E. Albright; Gaston, N. C., Claudius D. Holland; Pulaski, Tenn., William B. Farris.

Summer School at Knoxville.

The summer school of the south opened its second session at Knoxville last Tuesday under very auspicious circumstances. More than 1,200 students were enrolled and more than twice that number are expected before the end of the first week. President Charles W. Dabney, of the University of Tennessee, welcomed the students in Jefferson hall and introduced the members of the faculty to them. The faculty includes ninety members.

FOREIGN MINISTERS LEAVING.

Servian City of Regicides is Being Deserted by Powers.

In accordance with instructions from their governments, the ministers of France, Holland and Turkey left Belgrade Tuesday afternoon.

The British minister to Serbia left during the morning for London. It is understood that the first bill to be submitted to King Peter will be one prepared by the minister of justice granting amnesty for all political offenses.

JUROR SAVES JETT

One Lone Man Caused Expected Mistrial at Jackson.

VENUE CHANGE IS MADE

Unable to Agree, Jury in Marcum Murder Trial is Discharged, Although Eleven Were for Verdict of Guilty.

But for one juror, Curtis Jett would have been convicted at Jackson, Ky., Friday of the murder of J. B. Marcum, and a majority of the jury also favored the conviction of Thomas White. Both are now almost 100 miles from home in jail at Lexington and their next trial will be at Cynthiana, more than 100 miles from Jackson, away from the mountains and in the blue grass region, under very different conditions from those existing in Breathitt county.

The interest in the change of venue was second only to the verdict. When Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments on the change of location, it was stated by many in the court house that the presiding judge had heard from Governor Beckham, who is generally believed to have had something to do with the change of venue to Harrison county, which is in the eighteenth judicial district of Kentucky, where J. P. Fryer is the commonwealth's attorney and the sheriff and other court officers are also favorably known.

With such general confidence in the surroundings of the next trial there is a general belief that "everything is for the best after all." If the verdict had been one of conviction, the residents of Jackson feel that violence would have followed, and that it would have extended to others than witnesses, jurors and those who had taken part in the prosecution.

Colonel Williams was at Frankfort Friday night conferring with the governor regarding the withdrawal of the troops. It is understood that no number of troops can stop the lurking fire bugs or hidden assassins, but that at least one company should be kept in Jackson as long as Provost Marshal Longmire is kept in charge of the town. There is a feeling of relief so far as old scores are concerned, but there is still a reign of terror because it is believed that others "have been marked."

Jury Couldn't Agree.

At 8 o'clock Friday morning the jury in the Jett-White case filed into the court room and Foreman Richard Millard said:

"Your honor, we find there is no change of coming to an agreement."

Judge Redwine said:

"I will have to keep you gentlemen together until Saturday night unless you get a verdict sooner. There is no reason why a verdict should not be reached in this case."

Juror Millard said:

"One man has as much right to his opinion as another and he may stick to it."

It was believed from this that there was only one man between a verdict of guilty or not guilty.

The scene after the announcement of the verdict was in no wise exciting. Some started to clap hands, but were stopped by the court. The guards took immediate possession of the prisoners and they were closely guarded back to jail. People gathered around the court house in knots discussing the case, but there was no disturbance and no outward sign of trouble.

Attorney Byrd, after a consultation at 10 o'clock, made a motion for a change of venue. Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments, but of his own accord changed the venue to Cynthiana, Harrison county, at the next term of court. He surprised the spectators by at once ordering the prisoners sent to Lexington under a detachment of soldiers and accompanied by Elisor Jones. They left Jackson at 2 o'clock and were placed in Lexington jail for safe keeping at 7 o'clock Friday night. It is stated from semi-official sources that the jury stood eleven for conviction and one for acquittal in the Jett case, and seven for conviction and five for acquittal in the White case. Fitzpatrick, the man who finally stood out for the acquittal of Jett, says he did not base his opinion on the argument of the attorneys, but on the evidence in the case. He said there was in his mind not only a reasonable doubt of Jett's guilt, but there is also reason to believe that he had nothing to do with the murder of Marcum.

First American Baby Born in Guam.

Advice from Guam announce the birth there of the first American child on the island. It is a girl and its father is Paymaster Ryan. The christening was marked by a big celebration in which the entire community joined.

SLAYERS OF SHERIFF HANGED.

Two Men Go the Hemp Route in Clarksville, Arkansas.

At Clarksville, Ark., Friday, George Durham and Frederick Underwood were hanged for the murder of Sheriff John H. Powers, one of the most widely known and competent officials Arkansas has ever had.

The trap was sprung at 11:10 and the necks of both men were broken by the fall.

SERVIAN TREASURY EMPTY.

Government Has Practically No Means of Raising Money at Present.

According to a dispatch from Belgrade, the Servian government found the treasury practically empty and has no means of obtaining money, the banks having refused to float even a small loan.

An installment of the recent French loan was due June 15, but a French official who arrived with the cash refused to hand it over until the status of the government was properly defined.

REPORTER CALLED DOWN.

Alleged Interview, Widely Published, Causes Ex-President Cleveland Worry and Brings Denial.

A Princeton, N. J., dispatch says: Ex-President Grover Cleveland, on being shown the alleged interview reported by Mr. Bailey, Washington correspondent of The Galveston News, made the following statement to the Associated Press correspondent Friday:

"I am very much astonished to see such an outcome from the visit made to me by one who only gained friendly access to be my reason of his being a representative of a paper formerly conducted and owned by my deceased friend, Colonel Belo, and now conducted by his son."

"I don't know whether Bailey intended it or not, but he has given a very erroneous impression of what occurred between us."

"If I had dreamed that he would attempt to construct an important interview, dealing with important subjects, out of what was said on the occasion of out of what was said in the occasion of an, according to my habit, upon its being then and there reduced to writing and submitted to me. Instead of gaining the least intimation of such an intention on his part, his first words were that he knew an ex-president was not a person to be interviewed and he left me without the least hint that I had been interviewed for publication."

"All I care to add is that the substance of the interview as published is, in some respects, grossly inaccurate. There are statements in it attributed to me that I certainly would not have made to a person no nearer to me and no more in my confidence than Mr. Bailey."

The Alleged Interview.

Mr. Bailey, to whom former President Cleveland alludes, spent Thursday at Princeton, and when he arrived in Washington prepared an account of his conversation with Mr. Cleveland.

The correspondent believes Mr. Cleveland deeply in earnest in two things. The first, that his name shall not be considered in connection with the democratic nomination. The second is his hearty desire for the unity of the party and success of democratic principles.

According to Mr. Bailey, Mr. Cleveland made the following statement:

"I have never spoken to anybody on the subject of a fourth candidacy; have never written to a single political friend one way or another, nor have I been written to or spoken to by them. There is not a political leader of any prominence endeavoring to advance any movement to nominate me in any state, so far as I have been advised, nor do I anticipate that any such offer will be made by any leader, prominent or obscure, in any locality of the country."

"In this respect the situation is more than pleasing. In earnestly desiring the democratic party to become strong and united as of old, committed to the simple traditions and sound principles which made it aggressive and victorious, no thought of personal interest has disturbed me."

"I have on several occasions within a year undertaken to perform the duty which usually falls to the private in the ranks, but there has not lurked within me the hope of any reward save the consciousness of having made an effort to assist in bringing about salutary conditions in the party."

Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Bailey said, would talk no more politics, but in response to a remark that southern people were pleased with what he had recently said on the race question, the face of the former president kindled with interest as he said it was indeed gratifying to him to know this. He said he had received hundreds of letters conveying kindly sentiments from the southern people since he had spoken on the race problem, and, believing he has fairly appreciated the difficulties with which the southern people had always to contend, it was all the more a pleasing reflection that he had the commendation of people for whom he had ever entertained respect and admiration.

ATLANTA'S PIONEER DEAD.

At Age of Ninety Years, George Wash. Collier Passes Away.

George Washington Collier, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Atlanta, Ga., died Saturday morning at 1:45 o'clock.

Mr. Collier was nearly 90 years old—he would have been 90 at his next birthday—and all the years of his long life have been passed in what is now Fulton county. He was born near where he died while the Indians were still hunting in Georgia, and when there was no thought of even Marietta, let alone the present city of Atlanta.

BILL ARP VERY FEEBLE.

Notwithstanding Physical Ailments, Bartow Philosopher is Cheerful.

A special from Cartersville, Ga., says: There seems to be no material change in the condition of Major C. H. Smith (Bill Arp). He is feeble, but still able to be up and about the house. His appetite is fairly good and he rests well at night.

Bill Arp retains his jolly disposition and pleasant mood.

WILL NOT RECALL TROOPS.

Governor Beckham Lists to Appeal from Citizens of Jackson, Ky.

Governor Beckham Saturday afternoon received a telegram from Postmaster Hurst, Mrs. J. B. Marcum and other residents of Jackson, Ky., asking for the continuance of the provost guard established by the militia. In response he assured them that he would continue to do all in his power to protect the people of Breathitt. No order recalling the troops has been issued.

MISS CAMPBELL UNDER ARREST.

Georgia Woman Nabbed in Baltimore Charged With Embezzlement.

Miss Dora Campbell, aged 26 years, and up to early in May last postmistress at Maysville, Ga., when she resigned, was arrested at the union station in Baltimore, Friday afternoon, at the request of the federal authorities upon a warrant charging her with the alleged embezzlement of postal funds.

WORK OF MOB IN DELAWARE.

Negro Forc